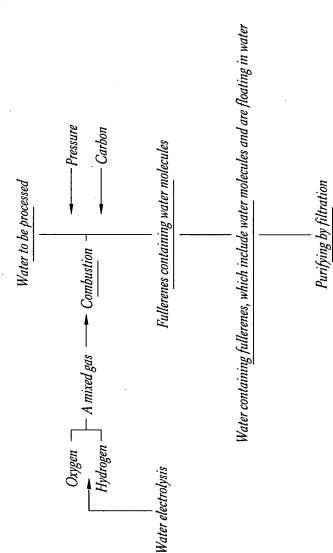


Hirata et al. Appl. No.: 09/868,737 Atty Docket: KOD9B.001APC

1/4



A flow chart of producing water containing fullerenes

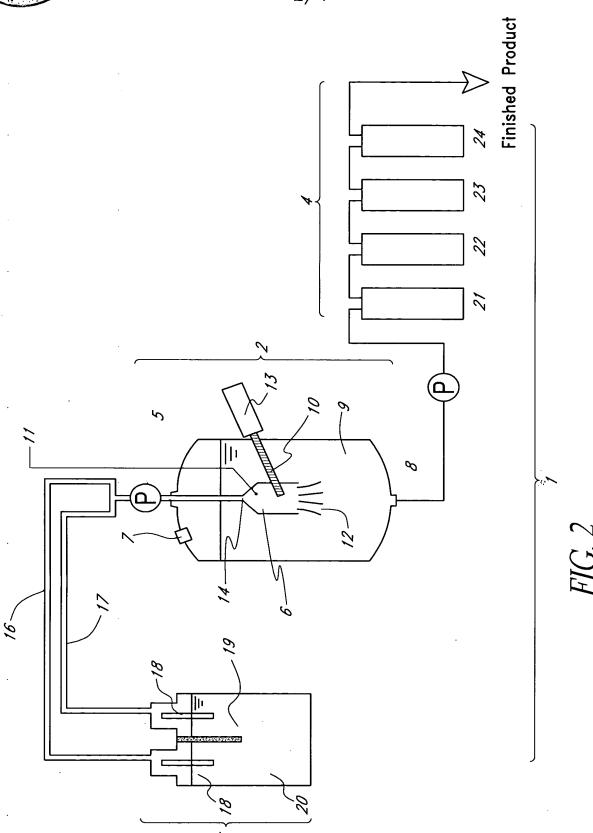


Healty drinking water



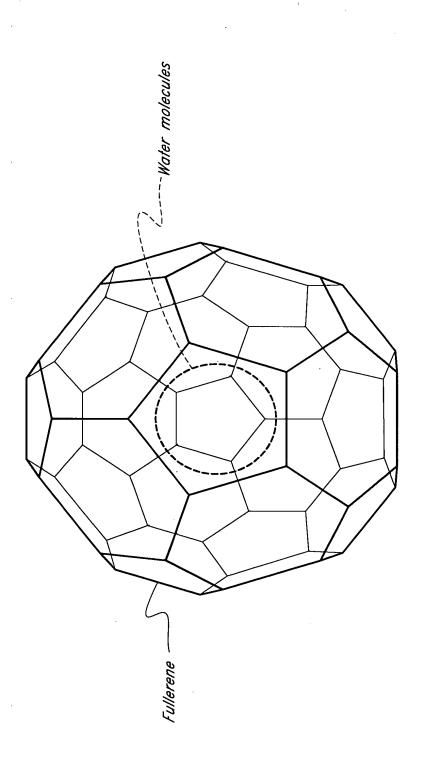
· METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR PRODUCING FULLERENE WATER Hirata et al. Appl. No.: 09/868,737 Atty Docket: KOD9B.001APC

2/4



METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR PRODUCING FULLERENE WATER Hirata et al. Appl. No.: 09/868,737 Atty Docket: KOD9B.001APC

3/4



METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR PRODUCING FULLERENE WATER Hirata et al. Appl. No.: 09/868,737 Atty Docket: KOD9B.001APC

4/4

Properties (Physical Quantity)	Measured Value, etc.	Properties (Physical Quantity)	Measured Value, etc.
· Molecular weight: · No. of molecules:	720.66 720	 Electron affinity: Reduction potential (E^{1/2} vs Fc/Fc⁺), acetonitrile/toluene, (Et₂N) 	2.65±0.02 eV -0.98, -1.37, -1.87, -2.35, -2.85, -3.26 (V)
· Molecular structure:	Frustum icosahedron (1, 1, Diameter: ~7.1A G-C bond shared bytwo six-membered rings 1.391A C-C bond forming a five-membered ring. 1.455A	BF _(llegible) , -10 °C: • Crystal structure:	Simple cubic system (249K or less) $P\alpha 3, Z=4, a=14.04\chi(5K)$
\cdot 13 C-NMR spectrum (C $_{ au}D_{_{\!eta}}$	δ= 143.27ppm		Face-centered cubic system (249K or more) Fm 3, $z=4$, $a=14.17\pm0.01$ X(300K)
(KBr pellet)/cm -1	527.4, 576.4, 1182.4, 1428.5		Distance between the center of adjacent molecules: ~10.0 \text{X}
• Infrared emission spectrum (vahor-shase, 850+100°C)/cm	527.1, 570.3, 1169.1, 1406.9	· Density	1.729 g/cm. ⁹ (5K, calculated value) 1 682 o/cm. ⁹ (300K calculated value)
• Raman spectrum (thin film)/cm ⁻¹ 273(s), 437(m), 496(s), 710(m), 774(m), 1099(w), 1250(w),	273(s), 437(m), 496(s), 710(m), 774(m), 1099(w), 1250(w),	• Compressibility (0~20GPa): • Melting point:	$(5.5\pm0.5)x10^{-3}CPa^{-1}$ >700°C
	1428(m), 1470(vs), 1575(m)	• Heat of transition (249K):	~4.83k//mol
• Visible ultraviolet spectrum (hexane solution, log E in parentheses)/nm:	211(5.11), 227(sh,4.91), 256(5.24), 328(4.71), 390(3.52), 403(3.48),	 heat of sublimation: Conductivity (at room temp.): 	9.58±0.31 kJ/mol <10. °5cm '
	8),	• Molar magnetic susceptibility • Transition temp. of	−(260±20)x10 ^s emu/mol K,C _o (18), Rb, C _o (28,30), Rb, CsC _o (31),
· Fluorescence spectrum (toluene	67 4 877(64)	superconducting salt Tc/K:	RbCs, Co(33), K, CsCo(24),
• Triplet energy (toluene solution)	$I.56\pm0.03 \text{ eV}$ (8.60±0.14 k//mol)		$L_{12} CoC_{60}(12), Coc_{4}(8.4), Soc_{60}(2.7), L_{12} CoC_{60}(12), Coc_{4}(8.4), Soc_{60}(12)$
· Ionization potential	7.61±0.02 eV	 Curie temp. of ferromagnetic salt: 	$TDAE_{ass}C_{so}$ 16.1K

Various Properties of C_{60} (prepareed based on a table from Chemistry, 46, 830, 1990)

*Curie temperature, Temperature at which a paramagnetic substance changes to a ferromagnetic substance when it is cooling down. TDAE indicates tetrakis(dimethyllamino)ethylene.

(Source; K. Tanigaki & others, Fullerene, Sangyo-tosho, Oct. 27, 1992, P.16)